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VULCAN ADVOCATE

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Vulcan Postoffice Opened One-Quarter Century Ago

Celebrate Twenty-fifth Anniversary of Establishment September 15th; R. L. Elves Renders Service as Postmaster All These Years

On the fifteenth day of September this year, the Vulcan postoffice will have been established for one quarter of a century, and will celebrate the twenty-fifth anniversary of the event. The Vulcan postoffice was opened on September 15th, 1910. Previous to that date the people of the district were served by the postoffice located at Reid Hill, opened in 1906 by A. Reid; Thigh Hill opened in 1908 by C. R. Deal; Alston, Nanton, Brant, Hicksburg, Loma and Hearnleigh. Earlier in that year and before the postoffice opened for business, the mail for the people of Vulcan and places of business then established, came to Loma, situated 11 miles north-west of town in the locality of the Cottonwood Grove school. Mail came to Vulcan twice a week in those days, and turns were taken in going for the mail.

When the postoffice was established in Vulcan, the mail came by train to Carmangay, and from there it was taken to Thigh Hill. With dobbin hitched to the buggy, Postmaster Elves would make the trip to Thigh Hill to get the load. When the Thigh Hill office was closed the Vulcan mail was delivered to the Reid Hill office. And still the trips were made to bring the load to town. It was late in 1911 before the train service came through to Vulcan. From then on the town mail was received by rail. When the train service was established Vulcan became the distributing point for postoffices located at Hearnleigh, Eastway, Arrowwood, Reid Hill, Lawndale, Armada and Loma. Since that time many of these names have been written in history. Arrowwood, Reid Hill, Armada still have offices. The rural route now supplies mail to sections where postoffices were landmarks in 1911. During the years of the Great War a rural route that served district resident west to Richmond Hill was discontinued. These residents today get their mail in town. The other route still continues north.

All these twenty-five years, since the establishment of the postoffice here, R. L. Elves has been postmaster. Then as now, he gave the best of efficient service and accommodation. As changing times have pressed demands, these have been made, until today the town has a postoffice housed in a structure of brick that is a credit to the town, with every convenience for the citizenship.

On September 15th, 1910, the Vulcan postoffice was located in the building that now houses Wegh's Bakery next to King's Drug Store. It was newly erected at that time and was used first as a general store by Elves Brothers, later used as the first home of the old Bank of Hamilton. This building was constructed in June, 1910, on the section of land now north of the railway. The townsite was surveyed in the fall of that year, and the building was moved to its present location in November, 1910. The Bank of Hamilton, now amalgamated with the Bank of Commerce, moved to quarters across the street, and the stock of Elves' Bros. general store was moved to their new store, where the King Drug Store is now located, in the fall of 1912. The exchange of the Alberta Government Telephones was also located in the postoffice building during several of those early years in the history of the town. The exchange was moved to the present location in 1916. The postoffice was housed in this building until late in the year 1930. In the fall of that year, Mr. Elves constructed the present building that houses the office. Of solid brick with cement basement and with new and modern equipment for the handling of mail the new postoffice was opened on December 19th, 1930, in time for the Christmas rush of that year. In the new building every facility was made for the rapid handling of mail. A date cancelling machine was added to the layout, wickets in location for patrons, boxes in neat ensemble, with many other improvements.

Interesting sidelights come to notice on occasions, such as this, the twenty-fifth anniversary of a monument that has paved the history of the town of Vulcan. From a counter postoffice with pigeon-hole boxes, it has developed into an office that contains hundreds of lock boxes. One of the first lock boxes rented was No. 2 to Harry Adams. He still continues to hold this box. He has held a rented box the longest of any citizen, and holds the record as the longest, continuous box-holder of the office. The first letter mailed in the new office was addressed to a party in Wiarton, Ontario, the second one to Lethbridge Alberta. From then on thousands have been mailed and distributed.

For the past 11 years, Mrs. R. Flynn has contributed greatly to the excellent service provided by the Vulcan office. And to her credit must be given for the contribution made in the paving of the way to the present high efficiency of the staff.

Let everyone congratulate Mr. Elves on his twenty-fifth year as postmaster for Vulcan.

WEDDING BELLS

McINTYRE—LANCASTER

A wedding of much interest to Vulcan and district was solemnized at the Anglican church at Brocket, Alberta, on Sunday, August 25th, at one o'clock in the afternoon, when Elsie Margaret Lancaster, youngest daughter of Mr. Hugh Lancaster of Brocket, became the bride of Mr. Wallace Everett McIntyre, second son of Mr. and Mrs. David McIntyre of Vulcan. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Muriel Lancaster, and Mr. Mervin McIntyre supported his brother. A reception followed the wedding ceremony at the home of the bride.

Mr. and Mrs. McIntyre will reside at Brocket. The heartiest best wishes for much happiness is extended by their many Vulcan friends.

Organizer



HON. J. EARL LAWTON, K.C.

Member of Parliament for one of the Toronto seats, was appointed minister of national revenue succeeding Hon. R. C. Matthews in the reorganization of the Federal cabinet. He is one of the ablest and most popular of the younger members and the present organizer for the Conservative party in the Dominion.

NAVY LEAGUE DOES VALUABLE WORK

Rallying to support the Navy League of Canada in its work of assisting widows and orphans of men of the merchant marine service, Vulcan citizens subscribed $33.00 to this cause in a recent campaign conducted by Fred Cook, organizer of the Alberta Division. Contributions can also be sent to Fred Cook, 1107-15th Avenue West, Calgary, Alberta.

Postmaster-General



HON. SAMUEL GOBEIL

Member of Parliament for Compton, Quebec, who recently replaced Hon. Arthur Suave, as postmaster-general in the reformation of the Federal Cabinet under Prime Minister Bennett.

Rains Delay Harvest

Rains early Monday morning halted harvest in the Vulcan district for the day in most parts. Rain started to sprinkle in town shortly after midnight and continued until 2 o'clock. From 2:30 a.m. until 4:30 intermittent showers fell. The showers seemed general throughout the district, halting all activities in the field for the day. However, weather during the past week was practically perfect for the harvest with days of sunshine. Temperatures for the week through the nights averaged 55 degrees above zero, this Tuesday morning the mercury went the lowest since the frosty weather for several weeks ago hit the district. Tuesday morning the temperature was 38 degrees above. Temperatures during the days have been moderately warm.

Seizure Notices Up

Tax seizure notices have been posted in all elevators situated in the boundaries of the Municipal District of Royal. This is in accordance to resolutions passed at the last meeting of the municipal council. The notice reads, in part, "that all crops from the lands within the municipality which are in arrears of taxes or covered by liens for seed grain advances are under seizure. The municipality is insisting on payment before any other distribution of the crop affected is made—regulations will be strictly enforced." Instructions and lists of names with monies owing the municipality were left with the various elevator manager by D. D. McQueen, secretary-treasurer of the municipality, who made a tour of the district on Saturday.

Bill Will Listen

When Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Ritchie visited with friends in Taber two weeks ago they attended a picture show in the movie house of that town Both registered to take part in a donation night draw that evening. Neither figured in the draw that evening but the next Wednesday evening—that's a different matter, and another story. In the meantime Mr. and Mrs. Ritchie returned to their home in Vulcan. The next Wednesday, Mrs. Ritchie insisted that they make the journey to Taber again to purchase field vegetables—and, perhaps with a woman's intuition, foresaw the possibilities of attending the show to have another chance at the donated money, which had swelled to $40.00. But Bill had his way with matters and they stayed at home. Now Bill is sorry for his wife's name was drawn on that evening for the prize. The next time when Mrs. Ritchie wishes to go places she will be assured of no opposition—that's what Bill tells the Advocate.

New Fall Wheat Crop Starts Pouring Into District Elevators

No. 1 Hard Wheat Coming in at Kirkcaldy and Vulcan; Weighs from 60 o 66 lbs.; Ensign and Brant Crops Hit Hard by Frost and Grade Low

New fall wheat started pouring into the elevators of the district last week and will continue with increasing tempo till the height of the harvest season. Harvest is general—weather, with the exception of showers on Monday, has been ideal. But Tuesday was bright with sunshine and indications point to continued good harvest weather. Swathing, combining and binding the sheaves are three methods of harvesting used this season, with a tendency to use the binder more this season than in the last four or five years. Some threshing has been done in the district, but most received by the grain houses so far has been combined wheat.

In Vulcan and at Kirkcaldy all the wheat yet received has graded No. 1 Hard, with weight running from 62 lbs. to 67 lbs. per bushel. Wheat coming into Vulcan has averaged about 65 lbs. At Kirkcaldy one load was delivered that weighed 67 lbs., elevator men at that point reporting the best wheat in ten years. Some of the crops to the west and south-west are going to run 35 bushels per acre. Average yet delivered to Kirkcaldy runs between 12 and 20 bushels to the acre. Vulcan crops will run the scale from 15 to 35 bushels.

Crops east of Reid Hill, into the Lomond district are very poor. Some will yield a fair crop, but others will not be cut. In the territory from Vulcan to Reid Hill a fair yield is expected from the summerfallow, with poor stubble crops to cut down the average.

Up into the Ensign and Brant districts the crops are grading poor due to the frost damage of recent weeks. No. 4 and No. 5 wheat is being delivered at these points. Of course some No. 1, 2 and 3 wheat is being delivered, but the No. 1 grade in the exception rather than the rule. To the north of Ensign the crops are very poor. South of that point good yields are expected with fair yields east and west. Frost damage is making inroads on the lowering of grades in the territory centred by the Brant elevators. Grades at that point are running about the same as at Ensign.

Through the courtesy of D. D. McQueen, secretary-treasurer of the M.D. of Royal, the news editor of The Advocte made a motor jaunt in the territory extending from Kirkcaldy to Brant on Saturday, seeing the samples of grain at the various points and viewing the harvest activities throughout the district.

Appointed



HON. G. REGINALD GEARY, K.C.

Another of the cabinet minister appointments made in the recent Conservative administration federal change was that of minister of justice. Hon. Geary was given the appointment by Premier Bennett. He is one of four newly appointed ministers, all pictured in this issue of The Advocate.

LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

Miss Margaret Gardiner returned from a vacation spent at Vancouver, B.C. on Friday. She has taken up her duties as school teacher at the Kirkcaldy school this week.

Mr. R. Speers has been joined in Vulcan this week by Mrs. Speers. They have moved their furniture from storage at Daysland and have taken up residence in the Beardsley house on Vulcan street.

Gordon Schenck, son of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Schenck, returned to Vulcan during the week end from the Great Slave Lake territory in northern Alberta, where he has spent the summer months.

Mary Toot s Anderson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Bill Anderson, celebrated her fifth birthday on Monday. For the occasion she invited a number of her friends to a birthday party All the little ones had a gay time.

Mrs. B. D. Lockhart and daughter, Ruth, returned on Wednesday last from an extended holiday spent with relatives and friends at various points in Eastern Canada. Mrs. Lockhart visited Toronto, Brantford and Sarnia.

Labor day was a holiday in Vulcan for the staff of the bank and postoffice. Due to the harvest trade the business places of the town remained open. However, the regular monthly meeting of the town council was post poned until Tuesday evening due to the holiday.

Again the dance on Friday evening proved a success under sponsorship of the Canadian Legion in the Memorial hall. And again the Len Davis' orchestra provided splendid dance music. A fair crowd attended. The door prizes were won by Miss Caufield and Royce Clark.

A number of Vulcan baseball fans motored to Nanton during the week end to witness the final championship game in the Foothills league for base ball supremacy between Blackie and Claresholm. An excellent game was reported. Claresholm won the league championship.

"Hank" Rich, show card artist of the Robson Circuit Shows staff, has started classes in show card sign painting. Classes are held every Thursday evening. A good number have taken advantage of the opportunity of learning to "wield" the brush under tutorship of this clever Vulcan artist.

Stopping for a short rest at Vulcan on Sunday, the Parkhill Vics, Calgary ladies' softball team, were greeted by a number of sport fans, enroute to Lethbridge, where they played. The Vics have a splendid aggregation of players, and always give the opposition a hard fought game. They have played at Vulcan several times.

C. D. Holder who comes to Vulcan from Hatton, Sask., is the new stationmaster at the C.P.R. depot, succeeding A. R. Knox, who has been transferred to Coronation. Mr. Holder is being welcomed to town by the citizens whom he will soon become acquainted with. Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Knox are leaving this week end for their new place of residence.

Medals won by Harold King during spring and summer at the Calgary Rifle and Pistol Club are on display at the King Drug Store. The group includes the King's Jubilee Medal in bronze, won in the Alberta competition. Harold stood third in a large entry of competitors. Other medals include a silver, a bronze and silver, and a bronze casting won in various scoring competition at the Calgary club.

C. R. Robson has purchased the coffee shop business in Vulcan known as The Coffee Cave from L. Soper. The entire premises in the Naismith block is being renovated by the new owner of the business, and a complete up-to-date coffee house is expected to be opened late this month.

The quarters are being enlarged to take in the entire building, and workmen are busy tearing out the old partitions and interior and are replacing it with new woodwork.

Cabinet Minister



HON. W. G. ERNST, K.C.

Member of Parliament for the Federal seat of Queens-Lunenburg who was appointed minister of fisheries in the recent reorganization of the Federal cabinet.

Rural Schools Open

Rural schools in the Vulcan district opened for the fall term at the first of this week. Some opened for the term on Monday and others on Tuesday. Teachers of several of the schools are listed here, those not listed have been mentioned before in these columns or will be listed as soon as received. Sunset Valley, Miss Helen Simington; Union Jack, Miss Ethel Campbell; Kirkdale, Miss Margaret Myers; Red Cross, Miss Mayme Lebeau; Richmond Hill, Miss Dora McPherson; Boyne, Miss Verdun Reid; Harvey, Miss Lillian Reid.

Business Change

Miller Wolford, well known Vulcan garage mechanic, took over the operation of the Texaco Service Station on September 1st, and makes announcement of his entrance into the service station business by advertisement in this issue of The Advocate. The business will carry a full line of the Texaco brand products and Seiberling tires with a complete stock of automobile accessories. Mr. Wolford will be in charge of the mechanical repair department, using the latest and best of equipment.

Warning to Cyclists

Warning has been given by town authorities to the young boys who ride their bicycles on the nice smooth surface of the asphalt sidewalks. This practice is forbidden by town by-law. In spite of this many of the daring lads take a dash up and down the walks when they think the coast is clear. This is a very dangerous practice, as well as a costly one if the town policeman happens to be around Citizens can be easily injured through mishap, as well as the rider of the bike. Besides the wheels may be confiscated for two weeks on the first offence, and for longer periods on second and third offences. So, bicycle riders, beware.

Puckster Visitor

F. Gustafason, husky hockey player on the line-up of the Drumheller Miners last season, is in the territory working in the harvest fields building up weight for the coming hockey season. He has received offers to play on the line-ups of several teams, including Trail and Coutts, but has decided to cast his lot with Rosie Helmer's Calgary Bronks this winter, accepting the offer from that management. This he told The Advocate on Monday evening. The Advocate had a very pleasant interview with Mr. Gustafason, learning that he was born in Iceland, where the children from tender years are trained in athletic sports. He gave many interesting sidelights in the hockey world.

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Thursday, September 5, 1935

Reducing

Members of the new government have shown commendable readiness to give up their seats if necessary, to make possible a constituency for the Premier and any others whom he might wish to add to the Cabinet. There seems no question of private aspiration, when it may be in the interests of a strong and capable government.

Although no promise of reduction in general representation has been made by Mr. Aberhart, the public is cherishing the hope that he may see fit to act along that line. If he considers such action possible and well advised, it would seem that the best time to do it, would be as soon as possible after the new government has taken office. Such drastic action, which would undoubtedly penalize members who have worked hard toward election, would probably be received more gracefully now, than in the course of a year or two. This, of course, is a matter entirely up to the new government, but there is no question that it would be the best of news for the taxpayers.

Any new government which takes over with the intention of reducing administration costs, has a load of trouble ahead. Any dismissal of government employees rouses a howl of anguish, particularly from the depossessed. On the one hand is the great army of taxpayers crying for reduction, on the other hand the employees who have the jobs and no doubt give good service.

The question is, how much of the service is necessary and justified by results. One cannot but believe that generally speaking, self-interest would accomplish exactly what is being aimed at, by the work of inspectors and what not. The merchant who sells lightweight butter or bad eggs, very quickly loses customers. Trust the housewife to be an effective disciplinarian. Self-interest in competitive business accomplishes quite as much as an army of inspectors and at less cost. This holds true also in the agricultural world. It is to a farmer's personal advantage to carry good stock and farm his land well. If he does not see it that way for himself, all the supervisors and inspectors will have only a superficial effect.

When we say we are over-governed, we mean that there are too many people to whom we pay good salaries to come round and tell us the things we know anyway. If they must lose their jobs, it is not because they are not faithful servants, but because we cannot afford to hire them and should not require them.

It is difficult if not impossible for any government to effect noticeable economies without hurting someone. But if the present government can succeed in operating on smaller expenditure, and yet perform the fundamental functions of government, it will have the approval of the vast majority of Albertans.

The Little Courtesies

So many Canadians have returned home, enthusiastically recording the courtesies of American officials in United States national parks and elsewhere, that there must be something noteworthy in this friendly attitude. This interest in and attention to tourists from a neighboring country, is the greatest incentive toward taking another holiday in the same place.

There is no surer way for any resort to become popularized than through the uniformed officials. They create the first and most lasting impression, because they are in authority. A little unnecessary argument over some trifling matter, a little extra zeal in impressing strangers with the fact that they are in a strange land and had better watch their step, are incidents which serve to antagonize visitors and chill their natural enjoyment.

It is to be hoped that our Canadian officials have as fine a reputation on the other side of the line, as the American officials have amongst Canadians. After all, any man in a position of this nature, must be a man of many gifts. He must maintain his dignity, and yet extend just such a welcome as any good host would extend to visitors on his own doorstep.

If our border officials are not selected with special reference to their adaptability in dealing with the public, their courtesy and interest in human beings, then the government has neglected the most vital point in any development of the tourist traffic. These officials are our contact men, and much of our success lies in their hands.

Canadians and Americans are very much the same type of people, and both resent any blunt air of authority, when there is no occasion for authority. Both appreciate friendliness, and that courteous interest which makes life move along more pleasantly. It may be accepted that the qualities which we appreciate in touring across the line are the qualities which our neighbors will appreciate in coming over to this side.

Holiday Thoughts

The holiday season slowly comes around each year, but quickly speeds away.

The youngsters troop joyously out of school with an abandon which shows their distaste for their allotted studies in no uncertain manner. Normal healthy youngsters have little use for school books, or splitting wood, or washing dishes, or doing any of the usual tasks which fall to their lots. They revel in their play, they love the freedom of the outdoors, even as do the animals they make their pets.

Very early their training is begun so that they may become, like adults, slaves of habit, the habit of work. At first they protest rather strongly, but gradually resistance is worn down until, emerging in the adult stage specimens are actually found who declare themselves to be happiest at work.

Such protestations may or may not be true, but when the good old summer time comes round they are as ready as the rest to pick up a few of their belongings and depart for the wide open spaces to forget for a brief time that there is any such thing as work—and do they love it?
—Cowichan Leader.

Our Will Rogers

In the death of Will Rogers, this continent, and to a lesser extent all other parts ofthe civilized world, loses one of the most widely known and greatly loved men of these times. Will Rogers entered the homes and the hearts of the people, making eyes brighter, laughter easier and lives happier. Though his appeal was universal, he seemed to be peculiarly ours—ours of the Western ranges, ours of the little country towns. He interpreted the comedies and tragedies, the visions and realities of our simple lives, in such a way as to give them value and a certain dignity.

No one ever saw a picture of his without happy reaction, without feeling kindlier to fellowman and more understanding of human frailties. No one ever heard him speak, read his comments or saw him act, without taking a firmer grip on the sanities of living. The imperishable quality of family affection, the strength of friendship's bonds, the charm of simple living, ran through his every picture like gleams of virgin gold. And every homely truth was embellished with humor as clear, as natural and as invigorating as mountain water. He never consented to appear in a shoddy picture, nor with a shoddy caste, and amongst his fellow actors he was genuinely loved.

As flowers turn toward the sun, so do human beings turn instinctively to those who radiate a kindly philosophy of life. Troubled humanity craves laughter, as a restorative and a release. Will Rogers answered that craving with his irresistible humor and his unfailing kindlness of outlook.

Perhaps if the influences, reacting upon the daily lives of people of this continent could be exposed and examined, it would be found that Will has done more to preserve the cheeriness and sanity of individuals and communities than any one individual of our times. He has been an elixir in the land of make believe. His appeal has had no limitations of age, nor social status nor nationality. He has been the genial friend of mankind, and it is doubtful if anyone will usurp his special place in our affections.

Venturing in Ethiopia

James Mills, a press correspondent from Addis Ababa, sent out a news story which has been confirmed in high circles, reporting a business deal in Ethiopia. This is the turning over to Anglo-American interests. bv the Ethiopian Emperor, of half of his empire for exploitation and development.

The sovereign has given a charter to Standard Oil and British industrial interests, on a 75 year basis, authorizing holders to search for oil and mineral over an area of 150,000 square miles. The negotiations were of a dramatic nature, the emperor summoning a British promoter to come immediately from Egypt. Five days of deliberations then ensued.

The program involves an initial investment of $60.000,000. The enterprise will be controlled by the African Exploration and Development Company, owned by Standard Oil. The territory embraces the eastern half of the empire, and oil possibilities are said to compare favorably with Mesopotamia. This should be a choice "stand" for customers in case of war. Roads, wireless stations and refineries will transform the trackless wilderness, and it is estimated that the Ethiopian revenue will be tripled within four or five years. War or no war development is to proceed, said the British promoter, Rickett.

Mussolini has been quoted as having said that Italy would respect British Empire rights, and it is expected the same consideration would be given American corporations.

However, it seems to be admitted that there are potentialities for trouble in the new business deal. It would be one of those colossal and hideous jokes, for which wars are famous, if eventually young lads of Idaho, Alberta and all parts of this continent were forced to go to Africa and give up their lives on behalf of Standard Oil and British promoters.

Perils of the West

Those who live outside of Western Canada, perhaps even more than those who live in the West, must often wonder how the people continue from year to year with so many adverse circumstances rising. Yet, strangely enough we do continue to exist and even to flourish. This has been a singularly difficult year, though when do we not have singular years. But there have been exceptional developments outside of the visitations of hail and frost, which have circulated so erratically. All summer long the great Peace River country has been subjected to recurring floods which have marooned towns and upset all normal calculations.

In Saskatchewan and Manitoba, rust has worked its destructive way through millions of acres of crop land, and the great harvest predicted early in the year will be materially reduced. Major Strange is authority for the statement that five million acres of the richest crop the Manitoba and Saskatchewan drought area has ever seen will have to be destroyed. It is said that in all, nine million acres have been infected.

The peculiar tragedy of the situation is that three weeks ago, hundreds of farmers had promise of the best crop ever harvested. They had stood up to five successive years of drought, and reward was almost within their grasp when rust crashed the picture.

Major Strange is of the opinion that such a disaster cannot happen again, as the research laboratories have completed years of experimentation in evolving rust resisting wheat. In two years time, he said in an interview, with the Edmonton Bulletin, the new rust resisting seed will be ready for the entire area affected.

"This year" he is quoted as saying, "everything was perfect for rust infection. The crop was two weeks behind there was high humidity, hot weather and strong rust-bearing winds from the south—a combination of conditions unlikely to occur again."

Commenting on the northern part of Alberta, which he had seen up to the time of the report Major Strange declared Alberta was the garden spot of Canada, with wonderful looking prospects. He said that the north-west winds which cause worry to farmers of western Saskatchewan and Alberta, over soil erosion, were the only thing which saved these crops from rust disease. They were clean of infection.

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McPherson Lamb for the weekend, 10c to 22c per lb.

WM. DYCE ALLAN

PHONE 7 — 4 X MARKET — VULCAN

Richardson Denounces False 40c Wheat Production Cost Figures Attributed To Him

Deliberate Attempt Made to Mislead Public Concerning James Richardson's Evidence Before Wheat Board Committee

Advocates Profitable Price to Farmer

Certain farm agitators and propagandists have been attempting for some years to inflame the public mind against the Grain Trade and those associated with it. The methods have been to issue unfair propaganda and to place a false and unfounded interpretation upon the words and actions of those whose views differ from their own. A glaring example of the sort of misrepresentation referred to is cited below, and must meet with the strong disapproval of fair minded farmers in Western Canada.

Mr. James A. Richardson, President of James Richardson and Sons, Limited, on June 21st and June 24th, 1935, appeared at Ottawa before a Special Committee of the House of Commons hearing representations in connection with the Canadian Wheat Board Bill.

Following presentation to the Committee of his statement covering various phases of the Canadian Grain Trade, Mr. Richardson was examined by the Prime Minister, the Right Honourable R. B. Bennett. In the course of this questioning a discussion took place concerning the cost of producing wheat in Western Canada. The evidence and examination of Mr. Richardson required some hours and occupied 65 printed pages of evidence containing more than 45,000 words. The excerpts from the verbatim report of the proceedings dealing with the discussion on cost of producing wheat reads as follows:

Right Honourable R. B. Bennett—"Now, Mr. Richardson, how much do you think the farmer should be paid for his wheat in order to break even. You have had a large experience in all branches of the business, how much should he have, not to make a profit, but just to break even?"

James A. Richardson—"Well, I have heard farmers say if they had a fair crop of wheat and got 40 cents on the farm they could get by; **they would not be making any maney,** but they could get by all right."

Mr. Bennett—"Forty cents on the farm?"

Mr. Richardson—"Yes."

Mr. Bennett—"In Alberta that would mean what price on the market for No. 1 Northern—you mean No. 1 or No. 2 at forty cents?"

Mr. Richardson—"Well, I would say the No. 1."

Mr. Bennett—"No. 1 at forty cents on the farm?"

Mr. Richardson—"I suppose forty cents would apply in connection with all that he had."

Mr. Bennett—"I see what you mean. Now, Mr. Richardson, that being so what would the price be on the market for that sort of wheat; how much would you have to allow for freight?"

Mr. Richardsn—"Well, 15 cents a bushel would be high, it would be a top freight."

Mr. Bennett—"That is the top freight isn't it?"

Mr. Richardson—"Yes, sir, 12 cents average freight."

Mr. Bennett—"So that to the people in the country it should be 55 cents; you think that would be a satisfactory figure for the farmer?"

Mr. Richardson—"No, sir, I do not; **I want to see the farmer get just as high a price as we could sell his wheat for in the world's markets. I am not satisfied to indicate any price other than the best price we can possibly get for him."**

Mr. Bennett—"You see, what has been suggested by one of the witnesses is that the government through a board should establish a minimum price and if wheat went below that price it should be subject to subsidy or assistance. The Chairman of your own grain exchange submitted practically that proposal. The board would have to arrive at a minimum price, and if the price established by supply and demand in the markets of the world went below that figure there should be some provision made by which the farmer would receive the difference. That is why I wanted to get from you some idea as to minimum price?"

Mr. Richardson—**"If you appoint the board, Mr. Chairman, in the fall of the year once the crop of the northern hemisphere is assured and we have the information on which to form a little more intelligent idea I would be glad to give my views and I am sure everyone else in the grain trade will, as to what we would think that price ought to be. I certainly would not attempt to do it now before knowing what the crop of the northern hemisphere is going to be."**

Mr. Bennett—"I thought probably that was in your mind and that was the reason I asked you what you regarded as a reasonable price to the farmer for his crop, just to produce it, leaving out for the moment the question of profit, and that you say is 40 cents?"

Mr. Richardson—"I do not say anything, except that I have been told by good farm people who know the business."

Mr. Bennett—"You have had some thing to do with farms, haven't you?"

Mr. Richardson—"Yes."

Mr. Bennett—"My information is that you have operated farms?"

Mr. Richardson—"Yes, sir."

Mr. Bennett—"Did you ever produce any wheat at 40 cents a bushel?"

Mr. Richardson—"Well, I am a coarse grain grower myself, I could tell you more about what it costs to feed hogs and steers.

Mr. Bennett—"But you have your own wheat?"

Mr. Richardson—"I could not tell you what it costs to grow it, but I am sure it was a big price."

Mr. Bennett—"Would it be more than 40 cents?"

Mr. Richardson—"I could not tell you what it is, because I have never calculated it."

Mr. Bennett—"I see."

Mr. Richardson—"I am sure that if I took interest on the money invested in my farm and everything else into consideration the figure would be high."

It will readily be seen that a price of 40 cents per bushel, plus freight, bringing the price to 55 cents per bushel was neither advocated nor stated as a fair price by Mr. Richardson. **He advocated that the Government should take steps to regain and extend the market for Canadian wheat, and that governmental assistance be extended to farmers under existing conditions and prevailing world prices.**

By extracting a single sentence from more than 45,000 words dealing with Mr. Richardson's evidence, an attempt has been made, by those who are not concerned in placing the truth before the farmers, to make it appear that Mr. Richardson was advocating a price of 40 cents per bushel for wheat to the farmers of Western Canada. It will be clear from the foregoing evidence that Mr. Richardson did not in any sense advocate 40 cent wheat. Nevertheless deliberately misleading information was issued by the Alberta Wheat Pool in their Weekly Budget of News to the Weekly Newsepapers of Alberta in an attempt to mislead the farmers into believing that Mr. Richardson considered 40 cents as being a price basis which our Canadian farmers should be prepared to accept for their wheat.

Similar misleading reports have appeared in newspaper organs published by Pool grain handling organizations and misleading statements to the same effect have been circulated and repeated throughout the countryside.

The Wheat Board Bill as originally introduced in Parliament made no provision for a guaranteed minimum price to the farmer. The producer was to get an initial payment and a participation certificate similar to the method followed under the Wheat Board of 1919. Mr. Richardson advocated that the farmer be given a guaranteed fixed minimum price. The bill was subsequently amended by the committee to provide for this proposed fixed minimum price to the farmer. In the course of his evidence dealing with the need of assisting in obtaining a fair price for the producer, Mr. Richardson said:

"If our Government wants to give our farmers financial assistance under existing conditions (and I would certainly like to see them do it), then there are several ways that this can be done. I consider it is possible to assure our producer a guaranteed fixed price, but still to permit an open market, so that if our market declined below the fixed price the farmer would get a certificate from the elevator company entitling him to collect the difference between the fixed price and what his wheat actually realized. The farmer might, on the other hand, if thought advisable be paid a direct subsidy. It is a government problem as to how this matter may best be met, but it must be accepted as a fact, that the foreign buyer will continue to buy wherever he can buy the most with his money, and that he will take full advantage of depreciated currencies in certain parts of the world, and it is quite futile to try and induce him to subsidize citizens of other countries. . . .

"I would rather like to see the farmer assured of a fixed minimum price, that would give him some protection against depreciated currencies of the southern hemisphere and a board with authority to use stabilizing influences in the market if they thought it were necessary, and to feed out our surplus wheat as and when the market would take it, and try to allow the trade the largest possible freedom, and to act as a stabilizing factor, as an insurance and safety factor; to operate largely in that way would depend, of course, a great deal on good judgment being employed."

These persons who have sought to place Mr. Richardson in a wrong light in the minds of the farmers of Western Canada had available to them the above statement. Yet they apparently sought to mislead the farmers whom they are paid to serve. It is difficult to catch up with misrepresentation and falsehoods.

Mr. Richardson feels that in addition to production costs, farming industry, like other forms of business, should reap a fair margin of profit.

Mr. Richardson has spent his entire working life-time in the grain business. The firm of which he is now the active head commenced handling grain of Canadian farmers in 1857. For 78 years it has served the grain producers of Canada, and it will continue so doing in the same fair and efficient manner that has characterized all its dealings.

Restoration of wheat prices to a profitable level to the producer and the sale of Canadian wheat, rather than its storage in the bins of Canada, are the end to which Mr. Richardson has worked and will continue to work. Mr. Richardson operating in the handling and exporting end of the Canadian grain business, has the interests of the Canadian farmer much more to heart than those who have caused loss of markets for Canadian wheat and who now seek to bury their folly by spreading false and malicious statments concerning the grain trade and those engaged in the grain business in the hope of causing elimination of sound competition.

In view of the quotations of the exact words used by Mr. Richardson before the Committee, we believe we can rely upon every fair minded farmer to condemn the untrue statements that have been made and the unfair inferences that have been drawn.—JAMES RICHARDSON & SONS LIMITED. Advt.

PRESS COMMENTS ON SOCIAL CREDIT

Here's Hoping

Mr. Aberhart goes into power with a mandate even stronger than that given R. B. Bennett in the federal election of 1930. Here's hoping that he has observed what happens to a movement that fails to react to the sentiment that gave it power.—Claresholm Press.

Enemies Aplenty

Not that we've got Social Credit yet. We haven't. All we have got is an opportunity to fight for it. Social Credit, now, may be reasonably compared to a chicken, that having given a big heave with wing stubs and feet, has just burst from its encompassing shell, and emerged into the sunlight for the first time. Around its birthplace, there are hawks, owls, and enemies aplenty; and vigorous protection and fostering care are essential if the fledgling is to survive, and prove its right to useful place in the sun.—Provost News.

Defeated Candidate Speaks

The sportsmanship of D. O. Wight, editor of Cardston News, defeated by Social Credit.

"When the shouting and the tumult dies it is time for all real citizens to step up and co-operate with the Govt ernment of the day. Let us take Mr. Aberhart at his word, and assist him to "end poverty" in Alberta. Our sincere purpose should be to see to it that no action of ours hinders the cause.

Revolt!

Every time the electorate go to the polls anywhere in Canada, the same lesson is taught:

The Canadian people are in a state of reckless and unrestrained revolt against governmental futility in the face of depression-born problems.—Montreal Star.

Why He Won

How did Aberhart win in Alberta? There are many answers. The people were disgusted by the old-time party men and their governments, having had bitter experience of slack administration. They have been through a bitter economic time lately, severely hard hit by bad crops, freight rates, packing houses, and all the consequences of bad times wedded to weakness in high places. Again, Aberhart, a man not of the political stamp but a school teacher with an evangelistic turn of mind, seemed to preach in particular one word, and that security.—Kamloops Sentinel.

Beware of Friends

While the Red Deer Advocate opposed the Aberhart Social Credit proposals it has accurate knowledge of the intolerable conditions which they were designed to remedy, and it will certainly support the new government in any effort they put forward to assist the sorely distressed people of the province. The new goverrment like all new governments, will be much more seriously handicapped by its friends than opposed by its enemies. Job-seekers in hordes will descend on Mr. Aberhart, and it will be difficult and distasteful work turning them all down, but any other policy would lead to disaster.—Red Deer Advocate.

The simplest way to keep peace would be for Haile Selassie to promise every Italian $25 a month—payable in 18 months.—Mail & Empire.

Mr. Aberhart promised every adult in Alberta $25 per month. People are asking where the money will come from. He will not borrow from the banks and pay interest on it. It will have to be Alberta money and as long as it stays in Alberta, as most Canadian money stays in Canada, it will, perhaps, serve. The contention of Social Credit is that money should be manufactured by governmen,t not borrowed at interest by government from banks. The banks create credit as they see fit and are only enabled to do this because the state has delegated this power and privilege to them. Why? This is certainly a time when Why? is the question of all men. The result in Alberta at least shows that the people at large are up and ready to go somewhere, and see what can be done. They grow weary of words and endless insincerities.—Toronto Star.

"The choice of Thursday, October 24, as the date of Thanksgiving Day in 1935 is unfortunate in that it will neither permit realization of the Government's reported desire "to restore the original spirit and atmosphere of that event" nor give to the people generally the necessary period of leisure for travel or other worthwhile recreation. It is still further inappropriate in that it is the sixth anniversary of the stock market crash, which heralded the onset of the depression." — Collingwood Enterprise.

ITALY CAREFUL OF BRITISH RIGHTS

Gives Assurance that There Will Be No Menace to British Imperial Rights

Italy will set forth the Ethiopian problem "in all its crude reality" before the League of Nations Council on September 4, and will defend its position to the last. An assurance has been given that British Imperial rights will not be menaced.

Italy has a question to settle with Ethiopia. It is going to present to the League of Nations the argument that Ethiopia is retrograde and slave holding. The Fascist Government maintains that the colonial question should not reflect on the European situations. The Government has taken steps to guarantee economic resistances, including obligatory conversion of foreign profits, limitation on corporation profits, ten per cent tax on dividends and interest, and transformation of motor cars into charcoal gas burners to save gasoline.

Complete endorsement of Mussolini's plans has been given by The Italian Government. Italy sees no chance of turning back from military action in East Africa, in view of Ethiopia's "bad faith." She will take every necessary precaution to protect her interests in Europe while her military power is engaged in Africa.

ONE HOUR LESS THIS HOUR MORE THAT

Rules for Guidance of Middle Aged Men Who Wish to Become Old Men

The Left Hand Corner of the Lethbridge Herald prints an extract from "Man's Danger Line begins at forty." This presents eleven good rules for middle age:

1. One less hour of worry for one more hour of laughter.
2. One less week of high pressure living for one more week of restful vacation.
3. One less luncheon conference for one more mid-day period of relaxation.
4. One less evening of formal society for one more evening with a jolly book.
5. One less banquet for one more quiet supper with the family.
6. One less hour under the electric light for one more in the sunshine.
7. One less hour in the auto for one more swinging along on foot.
8. One less hour of work for one hour physical examination by your doctor.
9. One less pound of body fat for one more of tougher muscle.
10. One less helping of meat for one more of vegetables.
11. One less cocktail for one more hour of sleep.

Australia is arriving at a balanced budget.

LOWER GRAIN STORAGE RATES

Something new in the history of the grain business in Western Canada developed this week when the Alberta Pool Elevators announced its intention of cutting the storage rates for grain carried in its elevators by approximately one-third effective from August 31, 1935 to August 31, 1936.

Pool Elevators will charge 1-45c a bushel for grain in store instead of 1-30c a bushel a day—the rate which has prevailed for many years. The new rate will apply for grain stored in its over 435 country houses as well as in its four terminals at the Pacific coast.

Alberta Pool Elevators is a co-operative organization owned and operated by Alberta farmers. In that position it considers it a privilege to be instrumental in reducing costs in some measure to the grain growers in a year when crops have suffered severely from drouth, hail and frost.

Discriminatory freight rates in favor of Alberta farmers are complained of as squeezing Kamloops grain growers off the Vancouver markets.

The story is told of a Conservative committee room opened in one of the towns near Niagara Falls. A great crowd of spectators gathered round in amusement and it was not till inquiries were made that it was noticed that above the brilliant Conservative banner there remained the old sign "Funeral Parlors."

BARGAIN

CENT-A-MILE

TRIP

to

Lethbridge

ROUND TRIP FARE **$1.20**

from

VULCAN

Low fares from other stations

Good Going

Sept. 13-14

Good to Return Until

September 16

Good In Coaches Only

No Baggage Checked

Apply Ticket Agent

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Mrs. Roy Walker, L.R.S.M.

Teacher of Piano and Theory

Classes Start Sept. 1st — Telephone 105

Announcement

● I wish to announce to my friends and customers that I have taken over the operation of the business known in Vulcan as the Regal Service Station. I solicit the continuance of the patronage of the customers of the Regal Service Station, as I do of the customers at my old stand and all new patrons. Visit us at the new quarters.

Complete Stock of ATLAS Tires and Tubes

Victor Radios and Radio "A" and "B" Batteries

Three Grades of Gasoline, Regal and Conoco Oils

Expert Tire Vulcanizing at Reasonable Prices

Regal Service Station

JOHN HUNTER, Manager

SPECIALS Effective from Saturday Until Thursday, Sept. 12th

FLOUR, Robin Hood, 49 lb. Sack $1.50

Macaroni, 5 lb. Boxes, each	29c	Princess Soap Flakes, per pkg	17c
Soap, Paramount Naptha, 6 Bars	19c	Robin Hood Rolled Oats, per pkg.	19c
Coffee, Fresh Ground, per pound	25c	Rice, Siam, 4 pounds for	25c
Pure Loganberry Jam, 4 lb. Tins	50c	Fels Naptha Soap, 3 Bars for	25c

Peaches, Bartlett Pears, Prunes and Yellow Crabapples now on for Preserving

McLAGGAN & MANSON, The Grocers

TELEPHONE 131 — VULCAN, ALBERTA

-:- YOUR HARVEST WANTS -:-

New Fall Merchandise now coming to hand each week with many new styles and new cloths at reasonable prices.

IRON MAN WORK PANTS
For hard wear and good service. Men and Boys. Pair
$1.75 to $2.50

$1 See Our Dollar Work Shirts for Men **$1**
-:- Real Value in Every Shirt -:-

WORK GLOVES
Watson and Acme brands of quality gloves. All-horse gloves and gauntlets. Priced, per pair
75c to $1.50

TOWELLING
Turkish towelling by the yard. Priced, per yard
25c and 35c

PURE LINEN TEA TOWELLING
Bought before the advance in price. 24 inches wide with colored border. A lovely quality, priced, per yard
35c

SCHOOL SHOES
For Girls and Boys. We are showing many real value lines. Two-tone oxfords for boys or girls. Price range
$1.25 to $1.95

F. M. ANDERSON & COMPANY LIMITED

WANTED

WANTED— Woman wants work during harvest season. Apply Box 115, Champion, Alberta.

ROOM and BOARD

ROOM AND BOARD for School Students Apply Mrs. G. D. Munro, Vulcan.

BEULAH WALKER
L. R. S. M.
Teacher of
PIANO and THEORY
Phone 71
Vulcan, Alberta

Pushing aside Thanksgiving Day for nearly two weeks, Premier R. B. Bennett has set October 14 as the date for the Federal election. Parliament was dissolved August 14, and almost immediately the Prime Minister called newspaper men into his office and announced the election date. Mr. Bennett outlined in detail his difficulty in fixing a satisfactory election date. Originally the date had been set for September 30. Then it was learned the harvest was 10 to 15 days later than usual. The next date selected was October 7, and after this day was formally approved by cabinet council, it was discovered October 7 was the Day of Atonement, the most sacred of all Jewish religious observances, which would mean disfranchising of the Jewish people. Finally the government had decided to postpone election day until Monday, October 14, as the most satisfactory date, Mr. Bennett declared.

Complimentary Ex-cel-cis Synchronized Beauty Treatment, Skin Analysis and Advice on Skin Care are offered to ladies over twenty years of age for ten days only. Phone 143 or call at Sur-Wave Beauty Shop for appointment.

EXPERIENCE COUNTS

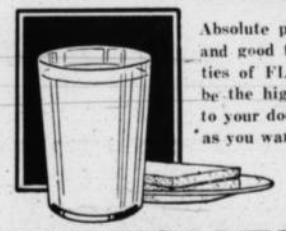
Nearly thirty years of experience help this Company give good service in handling your grain. And long experience also proves to farmers the satisfaction of dealing with this Company.

Deliver your grain to

UNITED GRAIN GROWERS LTD

Elevators at Vulcan, Queenstown and Milo.

PURE AND GOOD



Absolute purity and goodness—good to taste and good for you—are the outstanding qualities of FLETCHER'S MILK. Guaranteed to be the highest test and delivered promptly to your door every morning early—or as often as you want it.

FLETCHER'S MILK
VULCAN — ALBERTA
MILK - COFFEE CREAM - WHIPPING CREAM - *Tell the driver*

JENKINS' GROCETERIA LTD.

Telephone 47

Our Harvest Economy Sale Continues
Saturday, September 7th, is the last day of the sale

Buy Your Groceries Now

ANNOUNCEMENT CABINET MINISTRY

Aberhart, Premier and Minister of Education. Two Bye-Elections Will be Necessary

Premier William Aberhart announced the Cabinet Ministers of his government last Saturday. He himself, will also assume the leadership of the Department of Education, a duty for which his thirty three years experience as a successful teacher should equip him.

Attorney General—John Hugill, K.C., of Calgary.

Minister of Agriculture, Trade and Industry—William Chant, Camrose.

Minister of Lands and Mines—C.C. Ross, Calgary, who for many years was Alberta district supervisor for petroleum and mines, under the federal administration.

Minister of Public Works, Railways and Telephones—W. A. Fallow, Vermilion.

Minister of Health—Dr. W. W. Cross, Hanna.

Provincial Treasurer and Minister of Municipal Affairs—Charles Cockroft, Gadsby.

Provincial Secretary—Ernest Manning.

In announcing his cabinet, Mr. Aberhart stated he would open an investigation into the finances of the provinces as soon as he took over office Tuesday. It is desired to know exactly Alberta's financial position.

There was no fear regarding the payment of pensions, mothers' allowances, and other such social services, Mr. Aberhart said, stating that he had made a general survey of the situation and realized there was a problem with which the new government would be faced. He was satisfied however, he assured the press that after a little analysis that the whole matter could be solved. While it would be necessary to raise money, he said, he did not think so much as $20,000,000 rumored as necessary, would be needed, and believed that considerably less than that amount was required at once.

ELEVATORS REDUCE

Line country elevator and terminal companies have filed tariffs with the Board of Grain Commissioners providing for a reduction in storage rates from one thirtieth to one forty-fifth of one cent per bushel per day. This reduced rate became effective September 1st, 1935.

Macleod Member



JAMES HARTLEY

Member-elect for the Macleod constituency in the Social Credit administration. He gained a complete majority over Shields, U.F.A. candidate and former member, and Schiebout, Liberal candidate.

ALBERTA SOON TO BE 30 YEARS OLD

On November 9, 1905, First Election is Held, With 25 Representatives

Alberta and Saskatchewan, as provinces, came into being just about thirty years ago. Saskatchewan was named from the river which watered its plains, and Alberta was named for the Marchioness of Lorne. The Alberta Act came into force on Sept. 1, 1905. George Bulyea was first Lieutenant Governor, and A. C. Rutherford, Edmonton member in the territorial assembly was asked to form a government. Mr. Rutherford became premier, provincial treasurer and minister of education; Hon. W.C. Cross, attorney general; Hon. W. H. Cushing, minister of public works; Hon. T. W. Finlay, minister of agriculture.

The first provincial election was November 9, 1905, and the Liberals won 23 seats, Conservatives 2. A. J. Robertson, Nanton, was leader of the Conservative opposition, and W. C. Hiebert, father of C. Hiebert, barrister of Nanton, was the other Conservative. Mr. Cushing had defeated a rising young Calgary lawyer by the name of R. B. Bennett.

The first session was held in the skating rink at Edmonton, and later were driven by the cold to a temporary building near the present Legislative buildings.

The selection of the provincial capital was a big preliminary question and by a vote of 16 to 9, the selection of Edmonton was made.

Alberta's boundary was set at the 60th parallel on the north. The population was 73,000, and thirty years have brought the increase of 770,000. —Morning Albertan.

A small boy of six years came home and announced that his class had learned a new song. "What was it?" asked the proud mother. "It was a carol," he said, "called 'Wild Shepherds Washed Their Frocks By Night'."

TRAGIC DEATH OF QUEEN ASTRID

Beloved Queen of Belgians Killed in Motor Accident in Switzerland

Belgium is grief stricken over the death of Queen Astrid, killed in a car accident in Switzerland on August 29. King Leopold was driving when the car swerved striking a tree. The King had leaned over to look at the road map the Queen was holding. Both King and Queen were thrown out, the King suffering minor injuries and the Queen fracturing her skull.

She had been married nine years and leaves three children. She was a queen greatly beloved by the Belgian people and the marriage was said to be one of the few real romances in royal circles.

It was eighteen months ago that King Albert of Belgium was killed while mountain climbing.

I do not believe in the restriction of the production of foodstuffs. I believe that this world can consume a great deal more of the right food than it is getting, and that when God has given us a world like that which can produce it, we have no right to cut across the ends of Providence and rob people of that which is essential for the proper maintenance of their life.—Premier Lyons of Australia at Ottawa.

LOCAL ITEMS

Patrona Jenson is a patient in the municipal hospital. She is progressing favorably.

Miss Hope Crockett was a week end visitor with her parents in Calgary.

Charles Carson was a Calgary visitor last week, returning to Vulcan on Monday.

Miss Violet Robson of Blackfalds, Alberta, is a Vulcan visitor at the home of her brother, C. R. Robson.

Miss Alice Birt of Rockyford, is a Vulcan visitor at the home of her sister, Mrs. C. M. Short.

Miss Mary Craig of Edmonton, is home for a visit with her parents, Mr. andMrs. O. A. Craig.

Mrs. D. McIntyre was a recent Calgary visitor at the home of her son, Mr. Gordon McIntyre.

Carlton Jones left on Thursday for Montreal, where he will complete his studies on engineering at McGill University.

Dr. and Mrs. G. M. Carson returned to their home in Vulcan on Monday from a holiday at the Pacific Coast.

Mr. and Mrs. G. McQueen accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Scott of Drumheller toured the Banff Windermere highway [illegible] week.

Robert Marshall of Rossland, B.C. is visiting with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jack Marshall in the Vulcan district.

The Ensign school opened for the fall term on Tuesday. Miss Johnston of Picture Butte again accepted position as teacher for the term.

Miss Leta Roe returned from a tour of the United States during the week end. She toured with a group of school teachers from Calgary. On her return she took over her duties as teacher at the Thigh Hill school.

Clyde Jessup, former editor of The Nanton News was a Vulcan visitor on Monday evening. While in town he called at The Advocate office for a short chat.

Mr. and Mrs. George Kyle and daughter Viva, returned to Vulcan on Wednesday from a three week holiday spent at Victoria and other Pacific Coast cities.

Word has been received in Vulcan by Don E. and Ron J. Buelher of the death of their mother at Victoria, B. C., on Sunday. They will attend the burial at Calgary on Thursday.

Travelling



SIR EDWARD BEATTY

President of the Canadian Pacific Railway, who at the present time is making a tour of Western Canada en route to the Pacific Coast. He passed through Calgary Friday morning visiting Banff and Lake Louise the same day.

VULCAN THEATRE

NEXT WEEK

TUESDAY, SEPT. 10th
Two Shows, 7.30 and 9.30 p. m.

WILLIAM POWELL and MYRNA LOY
—IN—
"Evelyn Prentice"
The stars of "The Thin Man" together again

Elks' Kiddies Fund $40

Special Added Attractions

FRIDAY and SATURDAY September 13th and 14th
Matinee Saturday at 2:30 p.m.

FRED ASTAIRE and GINGER ROGERS
—IN—
"The Gay Divorcee"
A Liberty 4-star Attraction!

Selected Short Subjects

Daily Commercial Truck Service From Vulcan To Calgary and Lethbridge

Ship your livestock by truck
RATES REASONABLE

Marshall Transport
Phone 240, Vulcan.
Calgary, Phone R2858
Lethbridge, Phone 4212

TRAVEL BARGAINS TO EASTERN CANADA
Sept. 21 to Oct. 4th

CHOICE OF TRAVEL
in Coaches - Tourist or Standard Sleepers

Fare slightly higher for Tourist or Standard Sleepers in addition to usual berth charges

Return Limit 45 Days
in addition to date of sale

STOPOVERS ALLOWED
at Stations Port Arthur and East

For Fares, Train Service, etc. Apply Ticket Agent

CANADIAN PACIFIC